KINEMAX®
MEDIUM VELOCITY GAS OR OIL BURNERS

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The KINEMAX® burner is a nozzle-mixing, medium velocity burner. It provides a stream of hot combustion gases that promote circulation within your furnace, improving both temperature uniformity and workload penetration.

The air/fuel mixing design allows for the burner to be operated on ratio throughout the firing range, with excess air up to 4700% for some sizes or with excess fuel.

Series G KINEMAX® Burners are designed to operate on natural gas, propane or butane but can burn other gaseous fuels as well.

Combustion air enters the burner body and is swirled out into the burner block through the internal air orifice plate. Low pressure gas enters the burner body and exits to the block through machined ports in the gas nozzle.

The gas and air are intimately mixed in the cast burner block tunnel. The spark ignitor is positioned to intersect the fuel/air mixture directly in front of the nozzle face.

Pilot gas is introduced directly behind the gas ports in the gas nozzle and essentially flows through to the burner block through the same ports as does the main gas. The pilot capacity is the minimum firing rate of the KINEMAX® burner.
FEATURES

- Exit velocities up to 300 km/h (85 m/s) to promote workload heat penetration and better furnace temperature uniformity
- Operate on-ratio, with excess fuel or with excess air to meet the specific demands of your combustion process needs
- Burns most clean, low pressure gaseous fuels or light oil
- Turndown capability up to 48:1

Series C KINEMAX® Burners are designed to operate on gas or on light oil.

Combustion air enters the burner body and is swirled out into the burner block through the air orifice plate. Low pressure gas enters the body and exits to the block through the gas tube and nozzle.

For light oil firing, the n°2 oil enters through the strainer and oil tube going to the oil spinner nozzle where the stream of liquid oil is atomized by the atomizing air directly in front of the spark ignitor.

Gas for the pilot comes in through a separate inlet in the gas body and flows down the gas tube where it spins out the face of the gas nozzle in front of the spark ignitor.
Available KINEMAX® sizes

Typical burner data
Fuel: natural gas with 10.9 kWh/Nm³ HHV - sg = 0.6 [1]
Combustion air: 15 °C - 21% O2 - 50% Humidity - sg = 1.0 [1]
Stated pressures are indicative. Actual pressures are a function of air humidity, altitude, type of fuel and gas quality.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>KINEMAX® size</th>
<th>Series G (gas only)</th>
<th>Series C (gas/oil) [2]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.5-G</td>
<td>2-G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. capacity</td>
<td>kW HHV</td>
<td>161</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turndown ratio (with 75% excess air)</td>
<td>27:1</td>
<td>50:1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comb. air flow at max. capacity</td>
<td>Nm³/h</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural gas inlet pressure</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comb. air pressure at inlet</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot capacity /min. capacity</td>
<td>kW HHV</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil inlet pressure</td>
<td>bar</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
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</table>

[1] sg (specific gravity) = relative density to air (density air = 1.293 kg/Nm³).
[2] light oil (#2 oil): 12.5 kWh/kg - viscosity to be max 7cSt (7.10⁻⁶ m³/s).

APPLICATIONS

KINEMAX® burners are designed to be used in high temperature furnaces. They are commonly applied on heat treatment furnaces, oxidizers, melting furnaces, ceramic furnaces and other high temperature applications.
KINEMAX® Size 4 gas only burner in a complete system with burner control panel and natural gas pipe-train, including MAXON fuel safety shut-off valves and MAXON gas/air ratio control valve.
DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

KINEMAX® Series G - sizes 1.5 - 2 - 3 - 4

Gas only

1) Gas inlet
2) Combustion air inlet
3) Spark ignitor
4) Scanner connection
5) Pilot inlet

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>3/4” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 3/4”</td>
<td>1 1/2” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 1 1/2”</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>240</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>1” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 1”</td>
<td>2” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 2”</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>235</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1 1/2” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 1 1/2”</td>
<td>3” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 3”</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>84</td>
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<td>365</td>
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<td>4</td>
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<td>Rp 2”</td>
<td>4” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 4”</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>407</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>240</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

[1] Gas and air inlet are standard threaded connections. Optional welding flanges are available for sizes 3” and up.
KINEMAX® Series G - size 6

Gas only

1) Gas inlet
2) Combustion air inlet
3) Spark ignitor
4) Scanner connection
5) Pilot inlet

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<td>std. block</td>
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<td>Rp 3&quot;</td>
<td>6&quot; NPT</td>
<td>Rp 6&quot;</td>
<td>394</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>463</td>
<td>362</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

[1] Gas and air inlet are available with threaded connections or with welding flanges (not included).
KINEMAX® Series C - size 2

Gas/oil burner

1) Gas inlet
2) Combustion air inlet
3) Spark ignitor
4) Scanner connection
5) Oil inlet
6) Atomizing air inlet
7) Pilot inlet

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gas inlet</th>
<th>Comb.air inlet</th>
<th>Atom. Air inlet</th>
<th>Oil inlet</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E [1]</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>ØG</th>
<th>Weight (kg) [2]</th>
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<td>ANSI</td>
<td>ISO</td>
<td>ANSI</td>
<td>ISO</td>
<td>ANSI</td>
<td>ISO</td>
<td>std block</td>
<td>long block</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 1”</td>
<td>2” NP T</td>
<td>Rp 2”</td>
<td>1” NP T</td>
<td>1/4” NPT</td>
<td>Rp 1/4”</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>348</td>
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</table>

[1] Add 170 mm for clearance of oil gun.
KINEMAX® Series C – size 6
Gas/oil burner

1) Gas inlet
2) Combustion air inlet
3) Spark ignitor
4) Sight glass
5) Oil inlet
6) Atomizing air inlet
7) Pilot inlet

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
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<td>ISO</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3” NP T</td>
<td>Rp 3”</td>
<td>6” NP T</td>
<td>Rp 6”</td>
<td>Rp 2”</td>
<td>3/8 NPT</td>
<td>Rp 3/8”</td>
<td>394</td>
<td>197</td>
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<td>ANSI</td>
<td>ISO</td>
<td>ANSI</td>
<td>ISO</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6” NP T</td>
<td>Rp 6”</td>
<td>2” NP T</td>
<td>Rp 2”</td>
<td>3/8 NPT</td>
<td>Rp 3/8”</td>
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<td>318</td>
<td>407</td>
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<tr>
<td>2” NP T</td>
<td>Rp 2”</td>
<td>3/8 NPT</td>
<td>Rp 3/8”</td>
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<td>140</td>
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</table>

[1] Gas and air inlet are available with threaded connections or with welding flanges (not included).

Read “Specifications of KINEMAX® burners” on page 9 for more detailed information on KINEMAX® burners.
SPECIFICATIONS OF KINEMAX® BURNERS

Series G KINEMAX® burners

Gas only

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance factors</th>
<th>Burner size</th>
<th>1.5 Series G</th>
<th>2 Series G</th>
<th>3 Series G</th>
<th>4 Series G</th>
<th>6 Series G</th>
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<tr>
<td>Combustion air diff. pressure mbar</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>65</td>
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<tr>
<td>Combustion air volume for max. capacity (no excess air) m³/(s)/h</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>246</td>
<td>272</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum kW (HHV)</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>265</td>
<td>294</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum with 425 °C preheated combustion air kW (HHV)</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>190</td>
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<tr>
<td>On-ratio pilot / min. kW (HHV)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>21</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pilot/minimum with 75% excess air kW (HHV)</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turndown ratio with 75% excess air</td>
<td>27.5:1</td>
<td>50:1</td>
<td>96:1</td>
<td>133:1</td>
<td>40:1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percent excess air %</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>340</td>
<td>390</td>
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<tr>
<td>Turndown ratio with full excess air</td>
<td>11:1</td>
<td>13:1</td>
<td>16:1</td>
<td>20:1</td>
<td>25:1</td>
<td>29:1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Minimum capacity to light burner kW (HHV)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>147</td>
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<td>Differential gas pressure required for max capacity mbar</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flame Geometry Length mm</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diameter mm</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[1] sg (specific gravity) = relative density to air (density air = 1.293 kg/Nm³).
[2] Combustion air and gas differential pressure are measured between burner test connections and combustion chamber pressure.
[3] Pilot gas must be regulated separately to 7.5 mbar - 10 mbar at pilot inlet. For light off with full excess air, pilot must be increased to the indicated main burner minimum capacity, requiring considerably higher gas pressures.
[4] Flame lengths measured from the end of the burner block at maximum rated capacity. Overfiring or excess fuel operation requires higher natural gas supply pressures and gives longer flame lengths.
Series C KINEMAX® burners

Gas/oil

Typical burner data
Fuel: natural gas at 15 °C with 10.9 kWh/Nm³ HHV - sg = 0.6 [1]
Fuel: light oil (#2): 12.5 kWh/kg - viscosity to be max. 7cSt (7.10-6 m²/s)
Combustion air: 15 °C - 21% O₂ - 50 % humidity - sg = 1.0 [1]

Stated pressures are indicative - actual pressures are function of air humidity, altitude, type of fuel, gas quality

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance factors</th>
<th>Burner Size</th>
<th>2 Series C</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>mbar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Capacities</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>kW (HHV)</td>
<td>293</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>kg/h oil</td>
<td>23</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>maximum</td>
<td>2462</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>kg/h oil</td>
<td>193</td>
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<td></td>
<td>On-ratio pilot/minimum with interrupted pilot</td>
<td>kW (HHV)</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>kg/h oil</td>
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<td>Pilot/minimum with 75% excess air [5]</td>
<td>kW (HHV)</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>kg/h oil</td>
<td>97.1</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Turndown ratio with 75% excess air</td>
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<td>Performance limits with full excess air [3]</td>
<td></td>
<td>%</td>
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<td>Turndown ratio with full excess air</td>
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<td>5.3:1</td>
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<td>Minimum capacity to light burner</td>
<td>kW (HHV)</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>kg/h oil</td>
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<td>Air volume for maximum capacity (no excess air)</td>
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<td>Combustion air @ 65 mbar</td>
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<td>Atomizing air @ 65 mbar [4]</td>
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<td>Differential gas pressure required for max capacity [2]</td>
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<td>Differential fuel supply pressure (N°2 oil) for max. capacity</td>
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<td>Flame Geometry</td>
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<td>Length [6]</td>
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<td>mbar</td>
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</table>

[1] sg (specific gravity) = relative density to air (density air = 1.293 kg/Nm³).
[2] Combustion air and gas differential pressure are measured between burner test connections and combustion chamber pressure.
[3] Excess air based on min. capacity required for ignition. Increased smoke numbers possible, depending on air temperature and fuel-oil quality.
[4] When gas firing on series C burners, a ½” diameter by-pass line is necessary to keep atomizing air passage purged. When oil firing, the use of a flame rod for flame detection is not possible. Atomizing air should be fresh and not pre-heated, indicated air pressures and flows should always be available over the entire capacity range.
[5] Pilot gas must be regulated separately to 7.5 mbar-10 mbar at pilot inlet. For light oil with full excess air however, pilot must be increased to the indicated main burner minimum capacity, requiring considerably higher gas pressures.
[6] Flame lengths measured from the end of the burner block at maximum rated capacity. Overfiring or excess fuel operation requires higher natural gas supply pressures and gives longer flame lengths.

materials of construction

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>housing</td>
<td>gray iron</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>gas nozzle</td>
<td>carbon steel</td>
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<tr>
<td>air orifice plate</td>
<td>carbon steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>block sleeve</td>
<td>AISI 304 (1.4301)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>block</td>
<td>castable refractory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sleeve (without block)</td>
<td>AISI 310 (1.4541)</td>
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</table>
**SELECTION CRITERIA**

**KINEMAX® burner versions**

The KINEMAX® burner is available in two basic versions. KINEMAX® type G burners are designed to operate on gas only. KINEMAX® type C burners are able to operate on both gas and light oil (not simultaneously). Each type has different sizes available to cover a broad range of capacities to suit all heating applications.

All burners are available in ANSI and ISO version. Connections larger than 2” are available as threaded or flanged. (see detailed drawings on page 0-0-13)

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**Burner discharge sleeves**

Burner discharge sleeves are available in different lengths and materials:

- **standard version** with refractory block for installation in refractory walls, available in different lengths.
- **complete with block sleeve** to provide additional block support in chamber walls of softwall constructions. Block sleeves are available in stainless or carbon steel.
- **complete with stainless steel discharge sleeve** offering lightweight refractory-less burner for use in air heating applications. Maximum upstream temperature is 538° C and maximum downstream temperature for this configuration is 816° C
- Optional mounting flange enables easy mounting in cases where the standard or extended block lengths do not comply with installation insulation thickness.

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**Application details**

In high temperature furnaces KINEMAX® burners can be used wherever good temperature uniformity without flame impingement is required. Among the typical applications are oxidizers, forge furnaces, annealing furnaces, melting furnaces, lehrs, kilns, ceramic furnaces, etc. They can also be used in certain air heating applications. Special considerations have to be taken to protect the flame from high cross velocities. Contact MAXON for more details.

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**Maximum capacities**

All KINEMAX® burners can be fired on-ratio, excess gas (40%) or with excess air (depending on size, up to 4700%). Performance data are given on page 0-0-9.

Maximum capacity is a function of differential air pressure supplied to the burner air inlet as read between air test connection and combustion chamber. Combustion air blower rating must be sized to allow for manifold pressure losses.

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**Preheated air**

Preheated combustion air up to 425° C can be accommodated by standard KINEMAX® burner, resulting in lower fuel consumptions.

The preheated combustion air can have reduced oxygen levels (as low as 17% O₂ if combustion air is 797 °F). Mixing of some low O₂ flue gas allows to combine system thermal efficiency with best emissions.

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**Process temperature**

Standard refractory block permits operation at combustion chamber temperatures of 1425 °C. Special refractory block material allows operation up to 1650 °C.

The optional stainless steel sleeve (without block) can only be used when secondary cooling air (t° < 300 °C) is available and can be forced over the combustion sleeve.

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**Piloting and ignition**

KINEMAX® burners are equipped with an integrated raw gas pilot, but can use direct ignition as well. Recommended 3/8” pilot gas fine adjustment needle valve is available as an option. Pilots shall be used only for ignition of the main flame (interrupted pilot). Permanent pilot operation is not advised (no permanent or intermittent pilot). Use the main burner at minimum capacity for continuous operation.

Use minimally 5000 V/200 VA ignition transformers for sparking of the spark ignitor.

Locate pilot gas valves as close as possible to the pilot burner gas inlet, to have fast ignition at the pilot burner.

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**Typical ignition sequences**

- Pre purge of burner and installation, according to the applicable codes and the installation’s requirements.
• Combustion air control valve shall be in the minimum position to allow minimum combustion air flow to the burner.
• In case of oil firing: atomizing air should be applied to the burner.
• Pre-ignition (typically 2s sparking in air).
• Open pilot gas and continue to spark the ignitor (typically 5s).
• Stop sparking, continue to power the pilot gas valves and start flame check.
  Trip burner if no flame can be detected from here on.
• Check pilot flame stability (typical 5s to prove the stable pilot).
• Open main gas or oil valves and allow enough time to have main gas or oil in the burner. (typical 5s + time required to have main gas or oil in the burner).
• Close the pilot gas valves.
• Release to modulation (allow modulation of the burner).

Above sequences shall be completed to include all required safety checks during the start-up of the burner (process & burner safeties).

Ratio control
KINEMAX® burners can be fired on ratio throughout the firing range or set to give a choice between on ratio and excess air or excess fuel firing. As high as 4700% excess air is possible at minimum capacity. Air / fuel ratio control can be accomplished with MAXON MICRO-RATIO® valves and SMARTLINK® technology.

Flame supervision
All KINEMAX® burner sizes and types can be supervised by means of a UV-scanner.

Burner design incorporates UV-scanner port suitable for supervision of both pilot and main flames.

Two scanner positions are available (see drawings on page 0-0-13)

Pay attention to possible pick-up of strange flames (if any in the furnace) when using UV-scanner for flame detection. Allow some purge or cooling air to the scanner connections (typically 70 ft³(st)/h of fresh clean air)

Scanners should be installed as close to the burner as possible.

Sizes 1-1/2 up to 4 have a flame rod assembly option available. Flame rod sensing should not be used on oil firing.

Flame development
KINEMAX® burners shall be installed in combustion chambers or furnaces that allow full development of the burner flame. Cylindrical combustion chambers or flame protection sleeves shall be sized correctly.

Consult MAXON for proper combustion chamber lay-out.

Combustion air and gas piping
Combustion air piping to the burner shall be done in such way that the air flow to the burner will not disturb the flame. For optimum performance, the first elbow in combustion air piping must be at least six pipe diameters from burner test connection. Location of air control valves directly on the burner inlet is not advised. When possible, locate the air/gas/oil control valves in a position that allows viewing of burner flame during adjustment. Protect control valve operator from excessive radiant and/or ambient heat.

When using one air/gas control valve for multiple KINEMAX® G burners, gas check valves should be installed as close as possible to each burner inlet for dependable light off. MAXON air and gas balancing valves may be used on multi-burner installations for improving heating uniformity.

Oxygen enriched combustion air
MAXON KINEMAX® burners can be used with oxygen enriched combustion air.

Consult MAXON for more information.
DIMENSIONS

KINEMAX® Size 1.5 and 2 – type G

Gas only

1) Gas inlet
2) Combustion air inlet
3) Gas pressure test connection
4) Combustion air pressure test connection
5) Flame supervision port
   1/2” (NPT or ISO)
6) Alternate scanner connection
   1/2” (NPT or ISO)
7) Sight glass
8) Spark ignitor
9) Pilot gas inlet
   3/8” (NPT or ISO)
10) Optional block sleeve
    (carbon steel or stainless steel)
11) Optional mounting flange (only in combination with block sleeve)

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

| Burner size | Gas inlet ANSI (NPT) | Gas inlet ISO (Rp) | Air inlet ANSI (NPT) | Air inlet ISO (Rp) | A | B | C | D | E | F | K | L | M | N | O | PØ | Q | R |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1.5”        | 3/4                 | 3/4                | 1.1/2               | 1.1/2              | 280| 94| 86| 109.5| 154| 70| 280| 208| 280| 209| 15| 16| 299| 130|
| 2”          | 1                   | 1                  | 2                   | 2                  | 280| 94| 86| 109.5| 154| 70| 280| 208| 280| 209| 15| 16| 299| 130|

**KINEMAX® Size 3 and 4 – type G**

**Gas only**

1) Gas inlet  
2) Combustion air inlet  
3) Gas pressure test connection  
4) Combustion air pressure test connection  
5) Flame supervision port  
1/2” (NPT or ISO)  
6) Alternate scanner connection  
1/2” (NPT or ISO)  
7) Sight glass  
8) Spark ignitor  
9) Pilot gas inlet  
3/8” (NPT or ISO)  
10) Optional block sleeve (carbon steel or stainless steel)  
11) Optional mounting flange (only in combination with block sleeve)
### Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Burner size</th>
<th>gas inlet</th>
<th>air inlet [2]</th>
<th>( A ) [1]</th>
<th>( B )</th>
<th>( C )</th>
<th>( D )</th>
<th>( E )</th>
<th>( F )</th>
<th>( K )</th>
<th>( L_1 )</th>
<th>( L_2 )</th>
<th>( M )</th>
<th>( N )</th>
<th>( O )</th>
<th>( P ) ( \phi )</th>
<th>( Q )</th>
<th>( R )</th>
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<tr>
<td>3&quot;</td>
<td>1.1/2</td>
<td>1.1/2</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>113</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>162</td>
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<td>16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


[2] optional welding flanges are available.

### Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Burner size</th>
<th>Carbon steel block sleeve</th>
<th>Stainless steel block sleeve</th>
<th>Stainless steel long block sleeve</th>
<th>Stainless steel sleeve (no block)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Standard block</td>
<td>Extended block</td>
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<td></td>
<td>( G )</td>
<td>( H )</td>
<td>( I_{\text{min}} )</td>
<td>( I_{\text{max}} )</td>
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<td>57</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>184</td>
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<td>4&quot;</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
KINEMAX® Size 6 – type G

Gas only

1) Gas inlet
2) Combustion air inlet with optional flange (threaded or welding flange)
3) Gas pressure test connection
4) Combustion air pressure test connection
5) Flame supervision port 1/2” (NPT or ISO)
6) Alternate scanner connection 1/2” (NPT or ISO)
7) Sight glass
8) Spark ignitor
9) Pilot gas inlet 3/8” (NPT or ISO)
10) Optional block sleeve (stainless steel)

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>gas inlet</th>
<th>air inlet [1]</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
<th>H</th>
<th>J Ø</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANSI (NPT)</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>362</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANSI (NPT)</td>
<td>ISO (Rp)</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>394</td>
<td>160</td>
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<td>394</td>
<td>16</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[1] 6” combustion air inlet flange available in either threaded or welding flange version.
KINEMAX® Size 2 – type C

Gas/oil

1) Gas inlet
2) Combustion air inlet
3) Atomizing air connection
4) Oil inlet
5) Gas pressure test connection
6) Combustion air pressure test connection
7) Pilot gas inlet
   3/8” (NPT or ISO) - other side
8) Spark ignitor - other side
9) Flame supervision port
   1/2” (NPT or ISO)
10) Alternate scanner connection
    1/2” (NPT or ISO)
11) Sight glass
12) Optional block sleeve (stainless steel)
13) Optional mounting plate (only in combination with optional block sleeve)

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

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<td>ISO (Rp)</td>
<td>ANSI (NPT)</td>
<td>ISO (Rp)</td>
<td>ANSI (NPT)</td>
<td>ISO (Rp)</td>
<td>ANSI (NPT)</td>
<td>ISO (Rp)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| 1             | 1                        | 2                   | 2         | 1      | 1  | 1/4 | 1/4    | 382   | 94  | 86  | 110 | 154 | 70  | 280 | 208 | 280 | 209 | 15  | 16  | 299 | 130 |}

[1] add 500 mm for retraction.
[2] Gas and air inlet flanges are available with ISO or NPT thread or as welding flange.
KINEMAX® Size 6 – type C

Gas/oil

1) Gas inlet
2) Combustion air inlet
3) Atomizing air connection
4) Oil inlet
5) Gas pressure test connection
6) Combustion air pressure test connection
7) Pilot gas inlet 3/8" (NPT or ISO)
8) Spark ignitor
9) Flame supervision port 1/2" (NPT or ISO)
10) Sight glass
11) Alt. flame supervision port 3/4" (NPT or ISO)
12) Optional block sleeve (stainless steel)

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

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</thead>
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<td>ISO (Rp)</td>
<td>ANSI (NPT)</td>
<td>ISO (Rp)</td>
<td>ANSI (NPT)</td>
<td>ISO (Rp)</td>
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<td>160</td>
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[1] add 500 mm for retraction.
[2] gas and air inlet flanges are available with ISO or NPT thread or as welding flange.

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stainless steel block sleeve</th>
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<tr>
<td>Standard block</td>
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<td>G</td>
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<td>H</td>
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<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>406</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Spark ignitor and flame rod

Spark ignitor

1) O-ring
2) 1/2" NPT
3) wrench size 24 mm
4) wrench size 21 mm
5) Spark disk, only on 3-G and 4-G sizes.

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Burner size</th>
<th>X</th>
<th>L</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.5-G</td>
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<td>165</td>
<td>12.7</td>
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<tr>
<td>2-G</td>
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<tr>
<td>2-C</td>
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<td>6.4</td>
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<tr>
<td>3-G</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>4-G</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-G</td>
<td>fit to burner</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>12.7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G-C</td>
<td>fit to burner</td>
<td>140</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Flame rod

1) O-ring
2) Rc 1/2" NPT
3) wrench size 24 mm
4) wrench size 21 mm

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Burner size</th>
<th>X</th>
<th>L</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>114</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>5</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>71</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Please read the operating and mounting instructions before using the equipment. Install the equipment in compliance with the prevailing regulations.

Bedrijfs- en montagehandleiding voor gebruik goed lezen! Apparaat moet volgens de geldende voorschriften worden geïnstalleerd.

Lire les instructions de montage et de service avant utilisation! L’appareil doit imperativement être installé selon les réglementations en vigueur.

Betriebs- und Montageanleitung vor Gebrauch lesen! Gerät muß nach den geltenden Vorschriften installiert werden.

MANUFACTURER AND IMPORTER ADDRESSES

Below are the addresses and contact information for the Honeywell – Maxon manufacturing location and European sales office. The European sales office serves as the importer and EU manufacturer’s representative under the EU New Legislative Framework (NLF).

MUNCIE, INDIANA, USA – MANUFACTURER
201 East 18th Street
P.O. Box 2068
Muncie, IN 47307-0068
Tel: 765.284.3304
Fax: 765.286.8394

EUROPEAN SALES OFFICE – IMPORTER
BELGIUM
Maxon International BVBA
Luchthavenlaan 16-18
1800 Vilvoorde, Belgium
Tel: 32.2.255.09.09
Fax: 32.2.251.82.41
INSTALLATION AND
OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS
FOR KINEMAX® BURNERS

Application requirements

View port
A view port to observe burner flame is essential to inspect the flame aspect. Locate the view port downstream of the flame, looking back to the burner block. Make sure the complete flame can be evaluated.

Supporting burner air and gas piping
The KINEMAX® burner shall not be used as support for the piping to the burner. Gas and air piping shall be supported in such way that no additional loads will be created on the burner.

Burner mounting flange loads
Check burner weight and reinforce burner mounting flange or combustion chamber/furnace back wall if necessary to take the complete burner weight.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Storage of KINEMAX® burners
KINEMAX® burners shall be stored dry (inside). Burner blocks have been cured carefully before shipment and shall be kept dry. Wetting of the blocks could result in premature failures.

Handling of KINEMAX® burners
KINEMAX® burners are shipped as complete units. Handle burners with care, using proper equipment during unpacking, transport, lifting and installation. Any impact on the burner could result in damage. To prevent damage in transit, accessories such as flame rods, control valves and/or UV-scanners, may be packed separately and shipped loose.

Flange the burner to the installation
Bolt the burner to the installation’s burner mounting flange. Use proper MAXON optional gaskets. Tighten the flange bolting with correct torque. Retighten all bolts after first firing and regularly after commissioning.
1) Insulation
2) Housing
3) Gasket (optional)
4) Mounting studs
5) Burner

KINEMAX® with standard block

1) Insulation
2) Housing
3) Gasket (optional)
4) Mounting studs
5) Burner

KINEMAX® with optional mounting flange
Furnace / combustion chamber requirements

Sketch 1: sheet metal combustion chamber/furnace without internal insulation. Flange/opening internal diameter shall be ØA

Sketch 2: sheet metal combustion chamber/furnace with soft wall internal insulation. Flange/opening internal diameter shall be ØA

Sketch 3: furnace or ovens with brick walls: opening in brick wall shall be ØB (to be rammed with castable refractory)

Dimensions in mm unless stated otherwise

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Burner size</th>
<th>1.5</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
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<tr>
<td>Ø A</td>
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<td>229</td>
<td>267</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>417</td>
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<td>Ø B</td>
<td>369</td>
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<td>407</td>
<td>429</td>
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<td>KINEMAX® WITH OPTIONAL STAINLESS STEEL DISCHARGE SLEEVE</td>
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<td>184</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ø B</td>
<td>252</td>
<td>258</td>
<td>287</td>
<td>324</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Refractory wall: Standard blocks

KINEMAX® burners with standard blocks (without supporting sleeve) require supporting of the burner block by the furnace wall. Ram the gap between block and furnace with castable refractory.
Furnace wall with soft insulation : Blocks with supporting sleeve

KINEMAX® burners which are mounted in a furnace wall with soft insulation, need to have a burner block sleeve (optional) specified. This sleeve makes the burner block self supporting. Remaining space between burner block and insulated wall should be packed tightly with ceramic fibre insulation.

Installation of a replacement block sub-assembly

- Secure heat processing equipment from operation following manufacturer’s instructions.
- Disconnect piping, etc. and remove KINEMAX® Burner from installation.
- Loosen and remove the nuts holding the burner body to the burner block.
- Remove old block assembly and remount new block assembly. Be sure gasket between block and body is in place between the components.

1) KINEMAX® burner with standard block
2) Furnace shell
3) MAXON gasket (optional)
4) Burner refractory block
5) Castable refractory, rammed into the space around the burner block
6) Furnace refractory wall

1) KINEMAX® burner with block and optional block sleeve
2) Furnace shell
3) MAXON gasket (optional)
4) Burner refractory block with optional sleeve
5) Fibre insulation, fitted into the space around the burner block
6) Furnace fibre insulation
START-UP INSTRUCTIONS FOR KINEMAX® BURNERS

Instructions provided by the company or individual responsible for the manufacture and/or overall installation of a complete system incorporating MAXON burners take precedence over the installation and operating instructions provided by MAXON. If any of the instructions provided by MAXON are in conflict with local codes or regulations, please contact MAXON before initial start-up of equipment.

CAUTION

Read the combustion system manual carefully before initiating the start-up and adjustment procedure. Verify that all of the equipment associated with and necessary to the safe operation of the burner system has been installed correctly, that all pre-commissioning checks have been carried out successfully and that all safety related aspects of the installation are properly addressed.

Initial adjustment and light-off should be undertaken only by a trained commissioning engineer.

First firing or restart after shut-down

During first start-up of the burner, allow extended period at low firing range to minimize potential damage from accumulated and retained moisture in refractory burner block.

During cold starts, the temperature rise shall be limited – allow the burner to fire on low fire for some time to allow the parts to heat up slowly for maximum life.
Safety interlocks
Guarantee that all the required safety locks as described in the applicable local codes or regulations, or supplementary safety locks requested for safe operation of the overall installation, are working properly and resulting in a positive safety-lock of the burner. Do not bypass any of these safety interlocks. This will result in unsafe operation.

Checks during and after start-up
During and after start-up, check the integrity of the system. Check all bolted connections after first firing (first time on temperature) and retighten if necessary.

Purge
For safety reasons, it is required to purge the installation sufficiently long to ensure that all possible combustibles are evacuated before ignition. Refer to the applicable local codes and your specific application requirements to determine the purge time.

Pilot ignition
Adjust pilot air flow and pilot gas regulator to correct set point before pilot ignition attempt. Turn adjustable orifice screw out (counter-clockwise) several turns from its fully seated position. Refine during lighting of the pilot to a yellow/blue flame and/or strongest stable flame signal.

Main burner ignition
Adjust the main gas regulator at the correct set point before igniting the main burner. Ensure that the gas/air ratio valve is in the start position when lighting the main burner.

After ignition of main burner, allow some time on minimum capacity to allow the burner parts to heat up slowly.

Ratio adjustment
Once the main flame is ignited, adjust air/gas ratio of the burner to have the required combustion quality. Slowly increase capacity while observing the flame. Do not increase capacity too fast to avoid damage to burner parts or furnace due to excessive temperature gradient.

WARNING
Oil flames are highly radiant. Use eye protection and avoid prolonged viewing.

MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

Safety requirements
Regular inspection, testing and recalibration of combustion equipment according to the installation’s manual are an integral part of its safety. Inspection activities and frequencies shall be carried out as specified in the installation’s manual. Perform the following activities at least annually as part of a recommended preventative maintenance routine:

- Inspect burner internal parts for wear and oxidation, paying special attention to the refractory of the burner block (when applicable).
- Inspect associated control instruments and devices for function with particular attention to all safety permissive switches.
- Perform leak tests on fuel shut off valves according to any schedule established by the authority having jurisdiction.

Visual inspections
Regular visual inspection of all connections (air and gas piping to the burner, bolting of the burner mounting flange) and burner flame shape and aspect are essential for safe operation.

Recommended spare parts
Keep local stock of spark ignitor. It is not recommended to keep local stock of other burner parts. Consult installation manual for burner spare parts and system accessories.